

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1 1. A method comprising:
 - 2 initializing a pseudo-random number generator (PRNG);
 - 3 obtaining local seeding information from a host;
 - 4 securely obtaining additional seeding information from one or more remote and
 - 5 independent entropy servers; and
 - 6 stirring the PRNG with the local seeding information and the additional seeding
 - 7 information.
- 1 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the initializing a PRNG comprises initializing the
- 2 internal state of the PRNG with a random value.
- 1 3. The method of claim 2, wherein the random value is a seed.
- 1 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the securely obtaining seeding information from
- 2 the one or more remote and independent entropy servers is repeated for redundant
- 3 entropy servers.
- 1 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the one or more remote and independent entropy
- 2 servers maintain random state pool to supply the host with the random value.
- 1 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the securely obtaining seeding information from
- 2 the one or more remote and independent entropy servers may include using a
- 3 privacy protocol.

- 1 7. The method of claim 6, wherein the privacy protocol comprises secure sockets
- 2 layer (SSL) protocol.
- 1 8. The method of claim 6, wherein the privacy protocol comprises transport layer
- 2 security (TLS) protocol.
- 1 9. The method of claim 1, wherein the stirring the PRNG comprises producing a
- 2 cryptographically random stream of bits.
- 1 10. A method for communicating information between a host and a server in the
- 2 absence of standard privacy protocols comprising:
 - 3 generating a temporary asymmetric key pair at the host, wherein the temporary
 - 4 asymmetric key pair includes a temporary public key and a corresponding
 - 5 temporary private key;
 - 6 encrypting the temporary public key with the server's public key;
 - 7 sending the encrypted temporary public key from the host to the server;
 - 8 decrypting the host's temporary public key with the server's private key at the
 - 9 server;
 - 10 generating random data at the server;
 - 11 encrypting the random data with the host's temporary public key;
 - 12 sending the encrypted random data from the server to the host;
 - 13 decrypting the encrypted random data using the host's temporary private key at
 - 14 the host; and

15 stirring a pseudo-random number generator of the host using the random data
16 generated by the server.

- 1 11. The method of claim 10, wherein the public key is a published number.
- 1 12. The method of claim 10, wherein the private key is a secret number.
- 1 13. The method of claim 10, wherein the host is a local host.
- 1 14. The method of claim 10, wherein the server is a remote entropy server.
- 1 15. The method of claim 10, wherein the pseudo-random number generator
2 cryptographically generates pseudo-random numbers.
- 1 16. The method of claim 15, wherein the pseudo-random numbers are a stream of
2 bits.
- 1 17. An entropy enhancing system comprising:
2 a local system comprising a pseudo-random number generator (PRNG); and
3 one or more remote independent systems comprising entropy servers.
- 1 18. The entropy enhancing system of claim 17, wherein the local system generates
2 local seeding information.
- 1 19. The entropy enhancing system of claim 17, wherein the one or more remote
2 independent systems generate remote seeding information.
- 1 20. The entropy enhancing system of claim 17, wherein the entropy servers are
2 machines.
- 1 21. The entropy enhancing system of claim 17, wherein the entropy servers are
2 software.

- 1 22. The entropy enhancing system of claim 17, wherein the local system gathers the
- 2 local seeding information.
- 1 23. The entropy enhancing system of claim 17, wherein the local system securely
- 2 gathers the remote seeding information.
- 1 24. The entropy enhancing system of claim 17, wherein the PRNG is stirred using the
- 2 local seeding information and the remote seeding information.